



(04)

القسمة عملية تقسيم متساوية و الباقي يكون دوما أقل من القاسم

• أكمل كما في المثال :

$$\begin{aligned} 86 &= 50 + 36 \\ 86 &= (\underline{5} \times 10) + (\underline{5} \times 7) + 1 \\ 86 &= \underline{5} \times (10 + 7) + 1 \\ 86 &= (\underline{5} \times 17) + 1 \end{aligned}$$

$86 : \underline{5} = ?$ $86 : \underline{5} = 17 \text{ reste } 1$

$$\begin{aligned} 74 &= 40 + 34 \\ 74 &= (4 \times 10) + (4 \times 8) + 2 \\ 74 &= 4 \times (10 + 8) + 2 \\ 74 &= (4 \times 18) + 2 \end{aligned}$$

$74 : 4 = ?$ $74 : 4 = 18 \text{ reste } 2$

$$\begin{aligned} 93 &= 90 + 3 \\ 93 &= (3 \times 30) + (3 \times 1) + 0 \\ 93 &= 3 \times (30 + 1) + 0 \\ 93 &= (3 \times 31) + 0 \end{aligned}$$

$93 : 3 = ?$ $93 : 3 = 31 \text{ reste } 0$

$$\begin{aligned} 128 &= 70 + 58 \\ 128 &= (7 \times 10) + (7 \times 8) + 2 \\ 128 &= 7 \times (10 + 8) + 2 \\ 128 &= (7 \times 18) + 2 \end{aligned}$$

$128 : 7 = ?$ $128 : 7 = 18 \text{ reste } 2$

• أحسب حاصل القسمة و الباقي كما في المثال :

$$\begin{aligned} 247 &= 200 + 47 \\ 247 &= (\underline{4} \times 50) + (\underline{4} \times 10) + (\underline{4} \times 1) + 3 \\ 247 &= \underline{4} \times (50 + 10 + 1) + 3 \\ 247 &= (\underline{4} \times 61) + 3 \end{aligned}$$

$247 : \underline{4} = ?$ $247 : \underline{4} = 61 \text{ reste } 3$

$$\begin{aligned} 860 &= 800 + 60 \\ 860 &= (8 \times 100) + (8 \times 7) + 4 \\ 860 &= [8 \times (100 + 7)] + 4 \\ 860 &= (8 \times 107) + 4 \end{aligned}$$

$860 : 8 = ?$ $860 : 8 = 10 \text{ reste } 10$

$$\begin{aligned} 709 &= 600 + 60 + 49 \\ 709 &= (6 \times 100) + (6 \times 10) + (6 \times 8) + 1 \\ 709 &= [6 \times (100 + 10 + 8)] + 1 \\ 709 &= (6 \times 118) + 1 \end{aligned}$$

$709 : 6 = ?$ $709 : 6 = 118 \text{ reste } 1$

$$\begin{aligned} 488 &= 400 + 88 \\ 488 &= (5 \times 80) + (5 \times 17) + 3 \\ 488 &= [5 \times (80 + 17)] + 3 \\ 488 &= (5 \times 97) + 3 \end{aligned}$$

$488 : 5 = ?$ $488 : 5 = 97 \text{ reste } 3$