

2010 -	
:	3 :

5	0,5	$1998 = 2 \times 3^3 \times 37$ : 1998 (1)	حل التمرين 1																																										
	1,5	$d = 2^\alpha \times 3^\beta \times 37^\delta$ : 1998 $0 \leq \delta \leq 1$ $0 \leq \beta \leq 3$ $0 \leq \alpha \leq 1$ :																																											
		<table border="1" style="margin: auto; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td rowspan="2" style="text-align: center; vertical-align: middle;"><math>\alpha = 0</math></td> <td rowspan="2" style="text-align: center; vertical-align: middle;"><math>\beta = 0</math></td> <td style="text-align: center;"><math>\delta = 0</math></td> <td style="text-align: center;"><math>d = 1</math></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;"><math>\delta = 1</math></td> <td style="text-align: center;"><math>d = 37</math></td> </tr> <tr> <td rowspan="2" style="text-align: center; vertical-align: middle;"><math>\beta = 1</math></td> <td style="text-align: center;"><math>\delta = 0</math></td> <td style="text-align: center;"><math>d = 3</math></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;"><math>\delta = 1</math></td> <td style="text-align: center;"><math>d = 11</math></td> </tr> <tr> <td rowspan="2" style="text-align: center; vertical-align: middle;"><math>\beta = 2</math></td> <td style="text-align: center;"><math>\delta = 0</math></td> <td style="text-align: center;"><math>d = 9</math></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;"><math>\delta = 1</math></td> <td style="text-align: center;"><math>d = 333</math></td> </tr> <tr> <td rowspan="2" style="text-align: center; vertical-align: middle;"><math>\beta = 3</math></td> <td style="text-align: center;"><math>\delta = 0</math></td> <td style="text-align: center;"><math>d = 27</math></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;"><math>\delta = 1</math></td> <td style="text-align: center;"><math>d = 99</math></td> </tr> <tr> <td rowspan="6" style="text-align: center; vertical-align: middle;"><math>\alpha = 1</math></td> <td rowspan="2" style="text-align: center; vertical-align: middle;"><math>\beta = 0</math></td> <td style="text-align: center;"><math>\delta = 0</math></td> <td style="text-align: center;"><math>d = 2</math></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;"><math>\delta = 1</math></td> <td style="text-align: center;"><math>d = 74</math></td> </tr> <tr> <td rowspan="2" style="text-align: center; vertical-align: middle;"><math>\beta = 1</math></td> <td style="text-align: center;"><math>\delta = 0</math></td> <td style="text-align: center;"><math>d = 6</math></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;"><math>\delta = 1</math></td> <td style="text-align: center;"><math>d = 22</math></td> </tr> <tr> <td rowspan="2" style="text-align: center; vertical-align: middle;"><math>\beta = 2</math></td> <td style="text-align: center;"><math>\delta = 0</math></td> <td style="text-align: center;"><math>d = 18</math></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;"><math>\delta = 1</math></td> <td style="text-align: center;"><math>d = 666</math></td> </tr> <tr> <td rowspan="2" style="text-align: center; vertical-align: middle;"><math>\beta = 3</math></td> <td style="text-align: center;"><math>\delta = 0</math></td> <td style="text-align: center;"><math>d = 54</math></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;"><math>\delta = 1</math></td> <td style="text-align: center;"><math>d = 1998</math></td> </tr> </table>		$\alpha = 0$	$\beta = 0$	$\delta = 0$	$d = 1$	$\delta = 1$	$d = 37$	$\beta = 1$	$\delta = 0$	$d = 3$	$\delta = 1$	$d = 11$	$\beta = 2$	$\delta = 0$	$d = 9$	$\delta = 1$	$d = 333$	$\beta = 3$	$\delta = 0$	$d = 27$	$\delta = 1$	$d = 99$	$\alpha = 1$	$\beta = 0$	$\delta = 0$	$d = 2$	$\delta = 1$	$d = 74$	$\beta = 1$	$\delta = 0$	$d = 6$	$\delta = 1$	$d = 22$	$\beta = 2$	$\delta = 0$	$d = 18$	$\delta = 1$	$d = 666$	$\beta = 3$	$\delta = 0$	$d = 54$	$\delta = 1$	$d = 1998$
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	0,5	$\delta(1 + a'b') = 1998$ :																																											
	0,25	$\delta / 1998$ :																																											

	0,25	$\delta = 37$ : $27 < \delta < 54$ :	$\delta$ *	
	0,5	$(a';b') = (53;1)$ : $(a;b) = (1961;37)$ :	$(a;b)$ (	
	0,5	$(a';b') = (1;53)$ :	$(a';b')$ :	
	0,5	$(a;b) = (37;1961)$ :	$(a;b) = (37;1961)$ :	
5	0,5	$(-i\sqrt{3})^3 - 3i\sqrt{3}(-i\sqrt{3})^2 - 9(-i\sqrt{3}) - 21i\sqrt{3} = 0$	$Z_0$ -1	حل التمرين 2
	0,5	$0 = 0$	-2	
	0,5	$(Z^2 + aZ + b)(Z + i\sqrt{3}) = 0$		
	0,5	$Z^2 + (i\sqrt{3} + a)Z^2 + (a\sqrt{3} + b)Z + bi\sqrt{3} = 0$		
	0,25	$b = -21 \quad a = -4i\sqrt{3}$		
	0,25	$(Z^2 - 4i\sqrt{3}Z - 21)(Z + i\sqrt{3}) = 0$ : (I)		
	0,25	: (I) $\mathbb{C}$		
	0,25	$Z = -i\sqrt{3}$ : (I)		
	0,25	$Z^2 - 4i\sqrt{3}Z - 21 = 0$		
	0,25	$\Delta = 36$		
	0,5	$Z_2 = -3 + 2i\sqrt{3} \quad Z_1 = 3 + 2i\sqrt{3}$ :	-3	
	0,5	: Z		
	0,5	$Z = \frac{Z_B - Z_D}{Z_C - Z_D} = -\frac{1}{3}i\sqrt{3}$		
	0,5	$\arg(Z) = -\frac{\pi}{2} + 2k\pi$ : $ Z  = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$		
	0,5	$k \in \mathbb{Z}$		
	0,5	$(\overrightarrow{DC}; \overrightarrow{DB}) = -\frac{\pi}{2}$ : $\frac{DB}{DC} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$		
	0,5	: BCD		
		D BCD		

10			
0,5		$f(x) = x - 1 + \frac{2}{e^x + 1} :$	-1
		$f(x) = x - \frac{e^x + 1 - 2}{e^x + 1} = x - \frac{e^x - 1}{e^x + 1}$	
0,5		$f(x) = x + 1 + \frac{2e^x}{e^x + 1} :$	*
		$f(x) = x - \frac{-e^x - 1 + 2e^x}{e^x + 1} = x - \frac{e^x - 1}{e^x + 1}$	
		:	-2
0,5		$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} x - \frac{e^x - 1}{e^x + 1} = -\infty$	
0,5		$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} x - 1 + \frac{2}{e^x + 1} = +\infty$	
		: $(\Delta_2) (\Delta_1)$	-3
0,25		$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} [f(x) - (x - 1)] = \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{-2e^x}{e^x + 1} = 0$	
0,25		$y = x + 1 : (\Delta_1)$	
0,25		$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} [f(x) - (x - 1)] = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{2}{e^x + 1} = 0$	
0,25		$y = x - 1 : (\Delta_2)$	
		: $(\Delta_1) (C_f)$	-4
0,25		$f(x) - y = \frac{-2e^x}{e^x + 1} \quad f(x) - y < 0$	
		. $(\Delta_1) (C_f)$	
0,25		: $(\Delta_2) (C_f)$	*
0,25		$f(x) - y = \frac{2}{e^x + 1} \quad f(x) - y > 0$	
		. $(\Delta_2) (C_f)$	
		: $f$	-5
0,5		$f(-x) = -x - \frac{e^{-x} - 1}{e^{-x} + 1} = -f(x) \quad D_f = \mathbb{R}$	
		. $f$	
		: $f$	-6
0,5		$f'(x) = \frac{e^{2x} + 1}{(e^x + 1)^2}$	
0,5		. $\mathbb{R} \quad f \quad f'(x) > 0$	

0,5

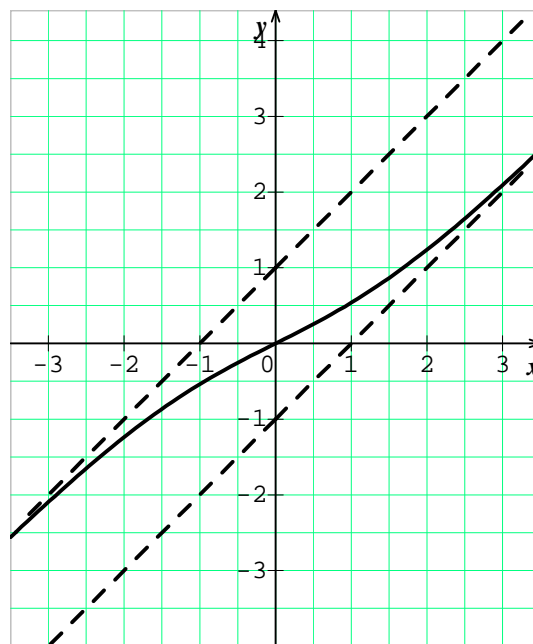
$x$	$-\infty$	$+\infty$
$f'(x)$	+	
$f(x)$	$-\infty \rightarrow +\infty$	

0,25  
0,25

$$y = f'(0)(x - 0) + f(0)$$

$$y = \frac{1}{2}x$$

$$: (C_f) \quad (T) \quad (\Delta_2) \quad (\Delta_1)$$

0,25  $(\Delta_1)$   
0,25  $(\Delta_2)$   
0,25  $(T)$   
1  $(C_f)$ 

0,75

1

$$A = \int_{-1}^0 [(x+1) - f(x)] dx = 2 \int_{-1}^0 \frac{e^x}{e^x + 1} dx$$

$$A = 2 \left[ \ln(e^x + 1) \right]_{-1}^0 = 2 \ln \left( \frac{2}{1 + e^{-1}} \right) ua$$