

Level: 3ASLLE-3ASL

School Year : 2011-2012

English Final Exam N°02

1st subject

**Part one: Reading Comprehension**

**Read the text carefully, and answer the questions**

Athenians thought of themselves as the shining star of the Greek city-states. They were famous for their literature, poetry, drama, theatre, schools, buildings, and government. Before the Greek dark ages. Athens was a small village and developed rapidly until it became one of the two most powerful city-states in the ancient Greek world.

The Greeks believed that each city- state in ancient Greece had a god or a goddess in charge of it, their special patron. For Athens, the patron was Athena, goddess of wisdom. Perhaps because Athena was their patron, Athenians put a great deal of emphasis on education.

Girls learned at home from their mothers to run a home, and to be good wives and mothers. While boys were educated quite differently; until the age of 7, they were taught at home by their mothers then attended a day school outside the home from 7to 14. There, they memorized Homeric poetry and learned to play the lyric. They learned drama, public speaking, reading, writing, math, and perhaps even how to play to the flute. After middle-school, they went to a four year high-school and learned more about math, science, and government. At the age of 18, they attended two years of military school. This is why Athens was proud of its system of education.

The men of Athens met each week to discuss problems and work on solutions. For about 100 years Athens was a direct democracy.

**I- Read the text carefully then do the activities:**

**1- Circle the letter corresponding to the correct answer:**

The text is about:

- a- Life and education in Ancient Athens.
- b- The Greek civilization.
- c- Athens, the capital of Greece.

**2- Are these statements "True" or "False":**

- a- Athens was a city-state in the ancient Greek world.
- b- The goddess of Athena was in charge of most city states in ancient Greece.
- c- Athenians were literate people.
- d- Athenian men rarely met to talk about their problems.

**3- Answer the following questions according to the text:**

- a- What were Athenians famous for?
- b- What was Athens proud of?
- c- How did the Athenians solve their problems?

**4- Complete the following table from the text:**

		Education of children in ancient Greece	
		Boys	Girls
- Where did they learn?			
- How long did they stay at school?			
- What did they learn?			

**B- Text Exploration:**

**1- Find in the text words, phrases or expressions that are closest in meaning to the following:**

- a- Well-known = (\$1).....
- b- A lot of (\$2)=.....
- c) a century (\$4)=.....

**2- Complete the following table:**

Verb	Noun	Adjective
To educate		
To differ		
To believe		

3- Combine the following pairs of sentences using the connectors in brackets:

a- Athens was ruled by a king. Athens was a democracy. (Although)

b- The Athenians were proud of their educational system. The children learned various interesting subjects (because).

4- Fill in the gaps with the following words:

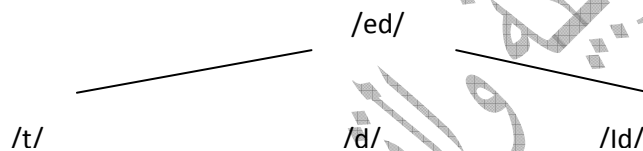
Nation- education- teach- their- free- subjects

Many nations provide early childhood .....in school. In almost every ..... elementary education is compulsory and .....In every country, the elementary schools .....to read and write and to work with numbers. The pupils also learn their country's customs and ..... duties as citizens.

In most countries, the pupils also study such .....as geography, history, mathematics and science.

5- Classify the following verbs according to the pronunciation of their final "ed".

Educated- believed- attended- developed- memorized- worked



### Part two: Written Expression

Write a composition of about 80 words on one of the following topics:

#### Topic one:

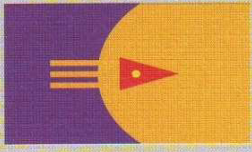
In Algeria, boys and girls attend school until they are 16.

Use the following notes to present the Algerian educational system to a foreign delegation visiting your school.

- The importance of education in Algeria.
- The different stages of education.
- The school regulations.
- The different subjects you learn.
- The school certificate.

#### Topic Two:

What are the contributions of the Islamic civilization to the modern world? Give concrete examples (Maths, medicine, biology, astronomy, sociology...etc).



## Correction of the First Final Exam N°02

1st subject

Level: 3ASL -3ASLLE

School Year: 2011-2012

### Part one: Reading

1- The text is about:

a- Life and education in Ancient Athens

2- a - True                      b- False                      c- True                      d- False

3- comprehension questions:

a- The Athens were famous for their literature, poetry, drama, theatre, schools, building and government.

b- Athens was proud of its system of education

c- The men of Athens met each week to discuss problems and work on solutions.

Synonyms:

Well known= Famous                      a lot of= a great deal

A century= 100 years.

B- Text Exploration:

2-

Verb	Noun	Adjective
To educate	Education	Educative
To differ	Difference	Different
To believe	Belief	Believable

3- To combine the sentences using "Although"/ "because"

Although Athens was ruled by a king, it was a democracy.

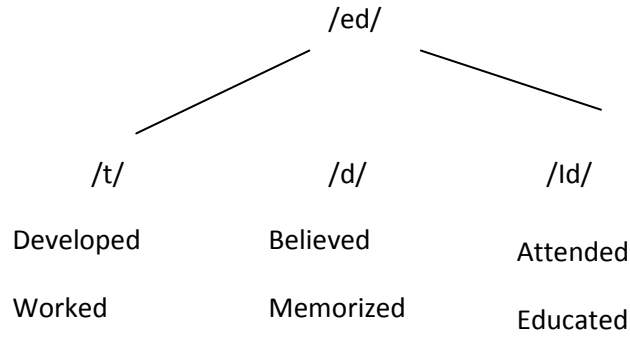
The Athens were proud of their educational system because they learned various interesting subjects.

4- Fill in the blanks:

1- Education    2- nation    3- free    4- teach    5- their    6- subjects

5- The pronunciation of the final /ed/

حي قعلول - بروج البحري - الجزائر



<b>Education of children in ancient Greece</b>		
	<b>Boys</b>	<b>Girls</b>
Where did they learn? How long did they stay at school What did they learn	Until the age of 7 at home then they attended a day school outside home 7-18 years old Learned to play the lyric, drama reading, how to play a flute	At home from their mothers  /  Learned at home from their mothers to run a home, and to be good wives and mothers